

The Qu'Appelle Progress.

Vol. X.

QU'APPELLE, N. W. T., THURSDAY, MAY 30, 1895.

No. 33.

EVERY MAN
Interested in the future of the Territory should
SEE TO IT
that he, as well as his neighbour,
SENDS EXHIBITS
- REGINA -

On the occasion of the
TERRITORIAL EXHIBITION
July 28 to Aug. 7, 1895.

\$19,000 in Prizes.
It will be an object lesson which all agricultural people should study, and every farmer, stockholder, or town or village, depending upon the territory, should seek to crown with success.

Railway rates very low. Bona fide exhibits free. Arrangements for making entries and visit Regina on the occasion.

QU'APPELLE.

A. HOLLINGSHEAD, House, Sign and Carriage Painter. Graining, Glazing, Paper Hanging and Kalsomining promptly executed.

CITY MEAT MARKET. Fresh Meat of all kinds kept constantly on hand, lowest prices. W. H. BELL, Proprietor.

D. C. E. CARTER, Qu'Appelle, Physician, Surgeon, Coroner Etc. Graduate of Toronto University and Licentiate College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ont.

W. HENDERSON, M.D.C.M., Qu'Appelle. Stationer, Graduate of McGill University, Montreal. Office next door to Mr. Beauchamp's store.

G. S. DAVIDSON, Licensed Auctioneer. Sales conducted on the shortest notice. Arrangements can be made at my office, or at the Police Office, Qu'Appelle.

A. DICKSON, Barrister, Advocate, Solicitor, etc. Office, first door south of the Queen's Hotel, Qu'Appelle, N.T.

W. M. SMITH, Advocate, Notary Public, Collections and Real Estate Agent. Indian Head office at the house of Mr. W. A. Smith, who will attend to any business for him.

ASTRAY.
STRAYED AWAY FROM THE PREMISES of the undersigned, one light bay mare, with head collar and long rope on, brand of A upside down, with white ring on hind foot and dark grey colts by her side. Also one light bay yearling colt, with head collar on. Anyone finding such information as will lead to their recovery will be suitably rewarded by D. H. HOFFMAN, near the College, Qu'Appelle Station, or by leaving word at this office.

FOR SALE.
HORSES FOR SALE CHEAP FOR CASH. F. B. BLAKENY, Sec. 35, Tp. 17, R. 15.

FOR SALE.
AN UPRIGHT PIANO—BY HEINTZ—man. Sweet tone and in good condition. For sale or hire. Terms easy. Mrs. W. R. SHEPPARD, Qu'Appelle, 2247.

LOST.
ABOUT THE BEGINNING OF WINTER, one grey filly, three years old, right side white; black mane and tail. One yearling filly, light bay; two white hind legs, white stripe on face; white sock on left front leg. A. J. ELVE, Sec. 17, Tp. 19, R. 16. Qu'Appelle, 3224.

NOTICE.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN duly appointed administrator of the estate of the late J. M. Wilson, deceased, of Sec. 22, Tp. 17, R. 15, all parties indebted to said estate are requested to settle the same either by note or cash on or before the 1st day of July, 1895, and all parties having claims against the said estate are required to prove same within thirty days of this date. J. B. BROWN, Administrator of the estate of John Wilson, deceased.
Dated at Qu'Appelle, this 30th day of May, A.D. 1895. 33-35

NOTICE.
South Qu'Appelle Building Society.
THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE shareholders of the above society will be held at the office of secretary on Friday, 31st inst., to receive the report of the directors and elect officers for ensuing year. G. H. V. BUTLER, Sec.
May 10th, 1895. 31-3

\$10 REWARD.
LOST, ABOUT SIX WEEKS' AGO, one two-year-old colt, light bay, white stripe on face; one colt, coming one year old; black, white stripe on face; three white socks; one two-year-old bay rooster filly, black points; one one-year-old rooster filly, black, little white above head, inside on hind leg.
W. M. ROGERS, Sec. 420-15. 31-35

\$5 REWARD.
WILL BE PAID FOR THE RECOVERY of a bright bay 8-year-old Clydesdale mare, broad white stripe on face, light colored hair on legs, and light colored hairs through mane and tail. Any person found to be unlawfully detaining the same will be suitably rewarded. W. C. CAMERON, Edgely, Farmer, near Qu'Appelle Station. 32-4

PLANTS. PLANTS.
FARMERS AND OTHERS WHO WILL be in need of cabbage and other plants will do well to give their orders as soon as possible, so that there may be no loss of time when planting should be done. The prices are as follows:
Cabbage, - 10c per dozen, 50c per 100
red, - 15c " 60c " 100
Cauliflower, - 25c " 1 50 " 100
Mint roots, - 50c " 1 00 " 100
Tomatoes, - 20c " 1 00 " 100
Cucumbers, - 1 00 " 1 00 " 100
Melons, - 1 00 " 1 00 " 100
By mail and express, 75c per 100.
I am and send report, one door west of the Progress office, THOMAS S. JEROLD, Proprietor.

Garden Seeds,
—BOTH—

Flower
—AND—

Vegetable,
—AT—

CREAMER BROS.,
DRUGGISTS

And Stationers,
Qu'Appelle Station.

Office of
J. P. CREAMER, V.S.

THE WEAK LINK IN A LIFE
IS OFTEN A NEGLECTED COLD
Finally into Consumption.
BREAK UP A COLD IN TIME
Pny-Pectoral
THE QUICK CURE
FOR
COUGHS, COLDS,
BRONCHITIS,
HOARSENESS, ETC.
Large Bottle, 25 Cts.

Just Arrived

12 Cases
—OF—

Boots & Shoes
—AND—

12 Packages
—OF—

Dry Goods
—AT—

J. P. Beauchamp's.

FOR DANDRUFF
GENTLEMEN FIND
PALMO-TAR SOAP
EXCELLENT
IT CLEANSES THE
SCALP, RELIEVES
THE DRYNESS AND
SO PREVENTS HAIR
FALLING OUT.
BIG Cakes
HANDSOMELY PUT UP
25¢

The Qu'Appelle Progress.
Is Published every Thursday
At The Progress Printing Office, in the
Town of Qu'Appelle, Assiniboia, Canada.
The rates for our advertising space by
contract are as follows:

	One	Three	One
One column	\$6.00	\$18.00	\$50.00
Half column	3.00	9.00	25.00
Quarter column	1.50	4.50	12.50
Three inches	2.00	6.00	15.00
Two inches	1.50	4.50	12.50
Business cards	\$1.00	per month	payable quarterly.

The above rates do not apply to auction sales, entertainments, tenders, meetings, legal notices, or anything of a transitory nature. Transient advertisements 10 cents per line first insertion, 5 cents per line each additional insertion. Yearly advertisements allowed to be changed monthly, if tendered 51 days in advance, for each additional change. Business cards, 50 cents for first twenty, 25 cents for each additional word. The publisher reserves the right to refuse to insert advertisements of a questionable or objectionable character.

Subscription price: \$1.00 per annum, in advance, if not paid for in advance, \$1.50 will be charged. Single copies 5 cents. A liberal commission will be allowed to parties who are willing to act as agents for us. Write for terms.

THE QU'APPELLE PRINTING AND PUBLISHING CO., LIMITED.
Qu'Appelle, Assin.
FREDERICK BELL, Manager.

THURSDAY, MAY 30, 1895.

THE EGG CROP.

Few people recognize the importance of eggs as a factor of the market. Eggs are as good as they are cheap, and they are considerably cheaper than meat, especially in these days of combines. Eggs are good enough to be a luxury, and cheap enough to be within the reach of all. The aggregate product is enormous. The Egg Record, a journal devoted solely to the egg trade, has just been started in Iowa. In the first number Mr. Edward Atkinson attempts to figure out the number of eggs sold and consumed in the year and the money value of the crop. It must be confessed that a great deal has to be taken for granted in his premises, but his results are probably nearly correct. He estimates that 900,000,000 dozen, or 10,800,000,000 eggs are laid by the industries hens of the United States. Eggs fluctuate in value almost as much as Wall Street stocks, but he thinks fifteen cents a fair average price the year in and year out. This would make the annual crop worth \$140,000,000. To show how enormous this is, he compares it with wool, of which is grown about 300,000,000 pounds every year, and which is worth about \$50,000,000 to \$60,000,000. This sum is comparatively insignificant, yet the wool growers make more noise over it than a noisy hen that has just laid an egg. The value of eggs does not seem to be regulated altogether by the supply, for they were worth seventeen and one-half cents in 1893, when over 50,000 cases more had been received by April than came in this year. If the above estimate is reliable for the States, the value of the egg crop in Canada is worth annually about ten or eleven millions, which might be doubled easily if farmers would only pay attention to opportunities of this kind.

Judging from what took place at Poplar Plains lately, a "sun dance" cannot be considered a pretty sight. The red men from different reserves assembled in the full and fearful flush of all the war paint they could crowd on, presenting a strange but picturesque sight. The self-imposed torture they go through, however, is enough to make a white man shudder, to say the very least of it; imagine the agony of being suspended by the sinews that pervade the breast, adding to this the previous total absence of food for three or four days. Some photographs were taken of this ghastly scene, but the "noble red man" would not allow the photographer to take a picture at close quarters, so that the full effect of what was being enacted, could not be fixed by the camera. Surely it is high time prompt action was taken to put a stop to such terrible work as interpreted by the words "sun dance."

THE QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY.

How It Was Celebrated in Qu'Appelle—Touchwood Races.

After the bright, sunny day preceding, it was confidently expected that the 24th would have been equally fine. Great, therefore, was the disappointment of everyone to find that the day was bound to be exactly the opposite. The morning was ushered in with a high, cold wind from the east and a leaden sky; about 8 a.m. rain commenced and continued all day and far into the night. Nevertheless, the ardor of those present (about 500) was not dampened, knowing full well the benefit the country was receiving from the rain.

The proceedings were commenced by a football match between the Qu'Appelle first eleven and an eleven from Indian Head, in which the benefits of practice and combination play was very observable on the part of the home team, which it is to be hoped will be borne in mind by their opponents, who possess the making of a very good team. The result of the game was: Qu'Appelle, 4; Indian Head, 2. While the game was in progress the various races were run off. The quality of the horses engaged does not call for any special mention. After the horse racing the various athletic sports were reeled off, Messrs. J. Wisner, W. Davidson, Bird and Seymour were the principal winners. At 4 o'clock, p.m., the second football match between Qu'Appelle second eleven and Edgely commenced. Qu'Appelle quickly placed two goals to their credit, then Edgely pulled themselves together and soon had four goals to their credit, winning the game by two goals. We certainly think the Edgely team had the advantage of weight and age. The playing of Messrs. Mathews and Tate deserves special mention. At 7 o'clock the final game came off between Qu'Appelle first eleven and Edgely. From the very first it was easy to see that Edgely was completely outclassed, and only in one case during the whole game was the Qu'Appelle goal in any danger. With a little more practice Qu'Appelle will indeed be a hard team to beat; little Alex. McBride was a revelation to quite a few. With this exception it would be invidious to particularize, when all did so well. In consequence of the rain the baseball tournament did not eventuate, but no doubt some arrangement will be made whereby it can be played off in the near future. The day was wound up with a ball in the evening under the auspices of the football club. About thirty couples were present and all enjoyed themselves.

TOUCHWOOD RACES.

The races at Touchwood on the 24th came off in fine weather. Quite a number were present, the greatest part of whom were from Qu'Appelle and Fort Qu'Appelle. The principal winners, so far as we can hear, were G. H. V. Butley, A. McIntosh and J. Boden.

Spencerville Splashes.

About the 6th inst., three of our settlers went on a prospecting trip as far as the Little Arma River where it flows into Long Lake, about fifteen miles from Lumsden. Between Pilot Butte and Lumsden there are miles where stones are conspicuous by their absence, and the neat and thrifty appearance of the buildings indicate a thriving community. Lumsden is prettily situated in one of the numerous valleys which run in all directions towards the lake. When our friends were there the fruit was formed and gave promise of a big yield, but it is feared that the heavy frosts since then have blighted, if not ruined, the fruit prospects. The party were the recipients of the genial hospitality of Mr. and Mrs. Clark, late of Qu'Appelle, during their stay.

Sometimes back, as two of our young people were returning from town, the fiery and untamed steed of the prairie turned the rig upside down, and making good his escape, left them to hoot it home. The walking was good.

Starr's Point school is steadily progressing and the attendance every day, we hear, is about seventeen.

A few days ago quite a number

Catarth Relieved in 10 to 60 Minutes

One short puff of the breath through the Blower, supplied with each bottle of Dr. Agnew's Catarth Powder, induces a powerful over the surface of the nasal passages. Pain less and delightful to use, it immediately and permanently cures Catarrh, Hay Fever, Colds, Headache, Sore Throat, Tonsillitis and Deafness. 50 cents. At C. E. Cartwright's.

of our sports met at Mr. George Spencer's and organized a first class football club, which will soon be ready to meet allcomers. What is the matter with baseball or cricket?

There is some talk of a marriage in this neighborhood in the near future. It is utterly impossible for a man to ranch, farm and keep back alone.

Riding parties are all the rage just now, especially amongst the fair sex. Who will win the race and what is the prize?

The McMichael Bros., owing to unavoidable delay in shipment, are not getting their Clydesdale horse this season.

The farmers in this settlement have finished seeding. The acreage is much larger than in former years.

Cattle buyers are on the alert lately. Beef must be getting scarce.

The gophers are very ill. The strychnine is all right this year.

Katepwa Notes.

We hear of a picnic and dance at Mr. Vidal's on the 24th. The plan of procedure on an occasion of this kind is to take your best girl, go for a walk and admire the beauty of this and that in a manner which may be either wise or otherwise. At some time during the programme comes an interval in which everybody eats all he can in order that the usual "justice" may be done to the good things provided. The smudges and mosquitoes, which are a part of some picnics, will probably be omitted on account of the absence of the insect—which renders such things necessary. No doubt a very enjoyable time will be spent.

No sooner had the inhabitants of our community recovered from the excitement attendant upon one wedding, than they were apprised of another grand event of a like nature, being the wedding of Mr. Racette's daughter. The usual hop followed and was kept up with a zeal worthy of so good a cause. Cupid appears to be very active here this summer.

Mr. Fred Skinner is building an addition to his house. This may be safely regarded as the shadow cast by a coming event.

Crops look well for this time of year but need rain.

We watch the clouds pass to and fro, And wish 'twould either rain or snow; But still they pass to either part: We get no rain to cheer our hearts.

Poplar Plains Paragraphs.

Last week the settlers in this district were treated to a "sun dance" by Muscowpetung and Piapot's Indians. The making of graves and a dog feast were the principal features of the dance, which was very interesting to those who had never seen the ceremonies before.

Mr. Kelly, our school teacher, is progressing finely with his little band of 18 pupils. Several more intend commencing soon; but on account of the irregular attendance of some, it is out of the teacher's power to advance them. Parents should see to it that their children are regular in attendance.

Fishing is the order of the day throughout the settlement. There were a dozen Germans in the valley last Friday who succeeded in filling several barrels at Arnold's Point. Mr. Hyde of Balgonie was also successful. He caught a ducking as well.

Sintaluta Farmers' Elevator Co.

Minutes of a meeting of the directors of the Sintaluta Farmers' Elevator Co., held on May 18th, 1895.

Minutes of last meeting read and adopted.

Harmon—Resolved: That C. J. Dutton and D. Ralston be empowered to borrow \$125 for the company. Carried.

Smith—Resolved: That the following accounts be paid and orders be drawn on treasurer for same: J. W. Moody, 45 cents; Qu'Appelle Progress, \$1.05; C. J. Dutton, \$31.75. Carried.

Dutton—Resolved: That orders drawn in favor of McIntosh on Sept. 22, 1894, \$12, and 26th Jan., 1895, \$11, be accepted. Carried.

Evart—Dutton—That P. Dymann's account, \$10.35, be paid, and that an order be drawn on treasurer for same. Carried.

Evart—Resolved: That an order be drawn on treasurer for \$20.50, for insurance of elevator. Carried.

Smith—Dutton—That books be audited and 100 copies of accounts be printed. Carried.

Harmon—Resolved: That the following shares be transferred from S. A. Mitchell to G. Gill, ten shares; A. Adkinson, ten shares; S. Burt, ten shares; G. H. C. O'Connell, ten shares; W. Martin, ten shares; S. P. Clark, ten shares; H. P. Roblin, ten shares. Carried.

Meeting then adjourned.

HEART DISEASE RELIEVED IN 30 MINUTES.—All cases of organic or sympathetic heart disease relieved in 30 minutes and quickly cured, by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. One dose convinces. Sold by C. E. Cartwright.

INDIAN HEAD ITEMS.

A Few Local and Personal Paragraphs From Our Neighbor Down the Line.

Mrs. Jane Ashton Harris, wife of John R. Harris, Blackwood, died suddenly at the residence of Dr. Kemp on Friday morning. The deceased had been in ill health for some time past and came to Indian Head for treatment, prior to an intended trip to the Old Country. Under medical attention she had been progressing towards recovery when a paralytic seizure intervened and death ensued. The remains were laid to rest in the cemetery here, on Sunday, the funeral being largely attended. An impressive service was conducted at the graveside by Rev. Alex. Robson.

A citizens' meeting is to be held this week to arrange for Indian Head's First of July celebration. The day's events will consist of horse and Indian pony races, athletic sports, football, baseball, and a dance in the evening. A brass band is to be in attendance during the day.

F. E. Davis, manager of the wholesale department of the Uxbridge Piano and Organ company, was in town on Monday.

Miss Howe, matron of the Brassey Home for Girls, arrived from England last week.

The Court of Revision met Saturday and adjourned until June 15.

COUNCIL MEETING.

INDIAN HEAD, May 25.—The council met at 11 o'clock. Present—The Reeve and Councillors Stephens, Livingston, Glenn, Harkin, Mitchell and Warden. Minutes of previous meeting read and confirmed.

Messrs. Osment and Brooks appeared before the council asking an amendment to the fee charged transient traders.

A communication was read from C. J. Dutton requesting that a road over the appointed for Sintaluta.

Glenn—Stephens—That the clerk be instructed to write Road Overseas Debenham and Quigley, urging the latter to take on their lot, resident in Indian Head, to perform statute labor in town. Carried.

Glenn—Livingston—That \$40.50 be appropriated towards plowing nine miles of the road south of 17-11 and east of 17-12. Carried.

Stephens—Livingston—That Councilor Harkin be authorized to receive tenders for same and to let contract. Carried.

Mitchell—Glenn—That \$54.50 be appropriated towards plowing nine miles of road south of 17-13 and west half 17-12. Carried.

Mitchell—Harkin—That Councilor Warden be authorized to receive tenders for same and to let contract. Carried.

Stephens—Livingston—That \$125 be appropriated towards improving road between Blackwood and Sintaluta. Carried.

Glenn—Warden—That Councilor Stephens be authorized to receive tenders for same and to let contract. Carried.

Warden—Harkin—That \$140 be appropriated towards work on hill on 24 and 25, 19-13. Carried.

Harkin—Stephens—That Councilor Livingston be authorized to receive tenders for same and to let contract. Carried.

The Finance Committee recommended payment of the following accounts:

D. MacIntosh, legal	\$19.68
H. Thompson, cemetery survey	12.00
H. H. Thompson, auditing, etc.	50.00
C. J. Dutton, account re survey	—
Report adopted.	

By-law No. 4 of 1895, empowering the borrowing of \$1,200 for current expenses, read three times and passed.

Livingston—Harkin—That transient traders be charged 25¢ per day or 50¢ per year. Carried.

By-law No. 6 of 1895 (hard by-law), read three times and passed.

Council adjourned, to meet Saturday, June 15.

LORLIE LISPINGS.

Ratepayers Select a School Site—The Court of Appeal.

LORLIE, May 22.—A large school meeting of the ratepayers was held here on the 19th inst., for the purpose of choosing a site for a school building. Two of the trustees had, contrary to the ordinances, commenced to build without first receiving the approval of the school board at Regina, or the approval of a majority of the ratepayers.

At 1 o'clock all were on the ground ready for business, with the exception of the chairman, who turned up about an hour later. When called upon to call the meeting to order, he refused to do so. Then followed a long wrangle as to who should take the chair, and when it was moved, seconded and carried that the present chairman, John McKen, take the chair, he refused, so the meeting came to a standstill.

After considerable delay, Mr. H. Aldous was chosen, who after explaining why the meeting was held, called upon the ratepayers to select a site for their school.

McKen—Tees—That the site chosen by them should be the school site.

Moved in amendment by Trustee R. B. Aldous, seconded by H. Ward, that the centre of section 2, which is the centre of the district, be the school site. Carried.

Ward—Cantelon—That an auditor be elected for the year.

On motion, meeting adjourned.

APPEALS ON ASSESSMENT.
LORLIE, May 25.—The school

trustees met at the chairman's, Mr. John McKen's, on May 22, to hear appeals on assessment.

Shortly after 1 o'clock, Postmaster Cantelon and his brother J. D. Cantelon, J.P., put in an appearance, after which a number of other ratepayers also turned up.

Mr. R. Aldous, one of the trustees, had gone to dinner and the chairman was away tending his stock, leaving only one trustee (J. Teese) present, who is also secretary-treasurer, assessor and collector. Then commenced a warm debate, the secretary intimating that the court had sat; was opened at 10 o'clock, and as there was no one present at 10 minutes past 10, the court had power to close, thereby depriving ratepayers of the opportunity of appealing. He maintained the court closed; but after a time, seeing the attitude of the postmaster (who had to catch the mail) and the determined stand he took, the court had to hear the appeal; then, of course, other appeals followed.

One great objection the ratepayers had was the way in which the assessment was made out, property being assessed in bulk instead of stating each parcel separately. There is quite a blunder in the assessment roll; some ratepayers are charged for double the amount of land they own, while others are only assessed for one-half. These mistakes were pointed out to the assessor, who acknowledged his mistake. The Rev. W. Bee, who appeared for himself and a number of other ratepayers, drew the secretary's attention to some rather disparaging remarks made about himself at last meeting, and after the rev. gentleman apologized him for his remarks, he apologized.

Several ratepayers appealed to have their names struck off, as they also appear on the assessment roll for Pleasant Forks School district, not having been transferred to the Lorlie School district. The court then closed.

BOARD MEETING.

After the court closed a board meeting was held by the trustees. A communication from a ratepayer calling attention to the last clause in the amendment for 1894 was read.

On motion the secretary was authorized to receive a lump sum of \$25 for his services as secretary-treasurer, assessor, and collector; also, that he receive \$2 for expenses to Qu'Appelle re debentures.

The chairman notified the other trustees that arrangements had been made to commence school in McKen's barn. The board then adjourned.

There is quite a talk among the ratepayers regarding Trustee Teese holding all the offices and expecting pay.

RECOVERING.

We are pleased to learn of the gradual recovery of our neighbor, Mr. Henry Runyon, who was kicked in the face about a week ago by a 3-year-old mare.

Edgely Echoes.

There always has been a considerable amount of nearest need nearest councilor. Your correspondent begins to think that it certainly must be otherwise, and he would like to see some of the furthest councilors drive through the immediate neighborhood, warning them to keep clear of two certain culverts after dark.

Although the 24th was made disagreeable for the sight-seers by the rain, the most pleasant sight of the day was the rain itself. We'd take it as a blessing bestowed in honor of Her Majesty, and never grumble.

We have seen but a few fields of grain outside our own district; these were very fair, but so far, the field on the nw. 1/4 24 19 15 puts everything in the shade.

The Edgely Football team did not make the show they expected to. They will need more practice before the Territorial.

There is a very fair supply of young chickens throughout the settlement, but there are no hens to spare.

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS.—Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." This new remedy is a great surprise and delight to physicians on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. Sold by C. E. Cartwright, Qu'Appelle.

QU'APPELLE PROGRESS.

Thursday, May 30, 1895.

THE WESTERN WORLD.

INTERESTING NEWS NOTES.

Arranged in Brief and Readable Shape for the Information of the Intelligent Reader.

The missionary steamer Glad Tidings has arrived at Nanaimo and will be beached there for repairs.

The bishops of Caledonia and Columbia have appointed three other bishops, the five to elect a bishop of Westminster, B.C.

A heavy rain storm has greatly improved appearances at Salmon Arm, and the fall wheat and grass are growing splendidly.

The contract for the erection of the Foresters' Hall, Wellington, has been awarded to the firm of Pandy & Williams, New Westminster.

The Kamloops City Council will offer the Electric Lighting Co. \$4,000 for its property subject to ratification of a by-law by the people.

The coal mine on the North Thompson, about 20 miles from Kamloops, will be worked shortly, thus aiding to the advancement and prosperity of that city.

Bears are reported as being numerous in the vicinity of Vernon this season and several parties of hunters have already started, among them Mr. Meeker, of the Aberdeen ranch, with Eneas McDougall as guide.

A large forest fire occurred a few days ago on the mountain peak above North Vancouver. At night the blaze could be seen very distinctly from that city, the surrounding wood being brilliantly illuminated.

Traffic to all points from Revelstoke has improved greatly during the past two weeks and the lake steamers are fully occupied. Revelstoke as the distributing point of supplies, shares in the general improvement.

Bears are very numerous in the vicinity of Salmon Arm this spring. A dog belonging to one of the section men recently killed a small cub near the track and the men had an exciting run on a land-car with the bear in pursuit for nearly a mile. Several other larger animals have been shot.

The embalmed body of Wm. McCarty, enclosed in an exceedingly handsome shell, was put on board a C.P.R. train recently to be shipped to Port Arthur. The engine was draped in black by the trainmen in mournful recognition of the death of a co-worker and the casket was covered with tasteful floral offerings.

George Andrews, who lived with Pomereau, the French Canadian who was found murdered in Vancouver a short time ago was formally arrested on a charge of implication in the murder. So far the police have not been able to arrest Frank Polgeon, who also lived in the same shack.

Owing to a mishap to her machinery the Mowena's departure for Australia was delayed a few days. Among her passengers is Andrew Jensen, official historian of the Mormons, who is on a tour of the world, visiting all Mormon colonies. He is now bound for New Zealand, to visit the settlement there.

Mr. T. S. Holt, of Montreal, arrived in Vancouver from Cariboo recently. Mr. Holt is president of the Victoria Hydroelectric Mining Company which was incorporated last year and informed a reporter that ditches are now being cleared up and pipe lines being put into shape in order that work may be started as soon as possible. He will visit Victoria and afterwards return to Cariboo.

Dr. Hugh M. Cooper, of New Westminster, aged 51, a well known physician was found dead in his office the other morning. He attended a reception recently given by the local knights of Pythias to Vancouver brethren, delivering a speech of welcome. Leaving the gathering about midnight he went to his office where he dropped dead, presumably while closing up. Heart disease was the cause.

The British Columbia Methodist conference concluded its annual session recently, and will adjourn at May in Westminister. One of the last acts of the session was the adoption of a strong report urging special legislation to enforce Sabbath observance by making it illegal to conduct Sunday excursions by rail or by boat to participate in fishing, boating, hunting, or hunting on the Sabbath, to ride in motor cars, to use of back, baggies, or sleighs for the purpose of pleasure, or to operate or patronize Sunday street cars.

At a recent session of the police investigation City Solicitor Hamersley, of Vancouver, was engaged at length regarding the payment by his firm of money to Sgt. Haywood for assisting in pulling down slacks, though the city by-law forbids officers receiving any outside remuneration. Officer Caldwell also took the stand and testified that he had seen the sergeant and other officers under the influence of liquor. He also stated that he had seen a sergeant playing cards in a saloon at night time, and that of late he had very rarely met men at night time on their beats.

THE WHISKEY STEAL.

Culmination of the Charges Against Greenhut.

A culmination of the charges against J. B. Greenhut, ex-president of the famous whiskey trust, and some of his associates has been reached. In a bill filed in the United States circuit court by Receiver John B. McNulta Greenhut and Nelson Morris are accused of having used funds of the trust for outside speculations of a personal character, which met with loss. \$200,000 will be necessary to make good the losses. They are charged with having conspired to secure the assent of the board of directors of the trust to the issuance of bonds in the summer of 1893, bonds that were sold a million of them at 50 cents on the dollar. They are also charged with having appropriated the proceeds in order to make up their losses in speculation. The character of the speculation has not been set forth.

Big Lumber Steal.

Special Agent Johnson, of the local land office at Duluth was detailed a few months ago to investigate certain alleged pine land thefts in the Ashland, Wis., district, and from the start he has been making discoveries that have been astounding. The total amount of timber taken will not be far from one million feet. Some of the timber men who were in the steal are said to be coming to town, and there is little doubt that good cases can be made against all. It is the largest thing the general land office has discovered in the Northwest for several years.

ITALIAN EARTHQUAKES.

Enormous Damage Done and People Terribly Frightened.

After a period of panic following the two severe earthquake shocks of a few days ago, the inhabitants of Florence and neighboring places are returning to their dwellings apparently satisfied that there is no longer any danger. As already announced, thousands of people spent two nights in the streets, some of them camping out in fear of falling buildings and others simply wandering through the streets examining the damage done and watching those who had fled from their homes at the first sound of the subterranean disturbance. Gradually the authorities are obtaining a correct idea of the amount of damage done and it seems that villages in the vicinity of that city have suffered more severely than at first reported, though the damage done is principally in the shape of badly shaken houses. But days must elapse before a definite estimate of the damage can be made. The Prince of Naples at the head of a strong detachment of engineers has been actively at work ever since the earthquake in providing for the relief of the sufferers, tearing down walls which were likely to fall, and in taking other precautions to save life and property. The troops, in addition, have been most efficiently used in providing shelter for the homeless. Tents have been erected for the latter and the army commissary corps have been called upon to furnish provisions for those in need of such succor. The efforts of the military have been ably seconded by those of the municipal authorities and nothing has been left undone to relieve the distress and prevent further damage.

The earthquake seems to have been felt more severely in the neighborhood of Florence than at other places, although Siena, Pisa, Pistoia, Bologna, Parma and Rome were also shaken. In Florence the National museum on the Via Proconsolo, was badly damaged. This building, once the Palazzo Dei Podest, was begun in 1255, and was formerly the residence of the Podesta, or chief magistrate of Florence. From the end of the sixteenth century down to 1859 it served as the prison and headquarters of the chief of police, from whence it derived the name Il Bargello, by which it is commonly known. Between the years of 1859 and 1865 the building was restored and fitted up for the national museum, and it contains splendid illustrations of ancient and modern art and culture, bronzes and marble, weapons, paintings, etc. Several of the historical palaces have also been badly shaken, and a number of the famous galleries in the different museums, etc., have suffered more or less. The authorities are actively at work restoring order where it is possible to do so.

The famous monastery of La Certosa, near Gallura, was another historical building to suffer from the earthquake shocks. In La Certosa, is the monumental slab known as the young warrior, by Donatello, and another remarkable monument, the Orghiera, or drug department of the monastery the famous chandelier of Italy, where a number of delicate perfumes are made. A number of similar buildings in the vicinity of Florence have also been shaken, but as previously stated, the full extent of the damage is not known.

A RAGING CONTROVERSY.

Greater than was Seen Since the Days of Lincoln.

A stirring political encounter took place in Chicago, recently, hardly paralleled in the West since the famous struggle between Lincoln and Douglas just on the eve of the civil war. The combatants were the two giants of opposing sides in the raging financial controversy—J. Lawrence Laughlin, professor of political economy in the University of Chicago the favorite authority of President Cleveland, and Wm. E. Harvey, author of "Coin's Financial School." Nearly half the people clamored for the financial clonators. Wm. E. Harvey, who had been accommodated had the auditorium, been secured for a meeting of the champions. The spacious rooms of the Illinois club on the state Ashland Boulevard were crowded to almost suffocation when the president of the club Dr. Homer M. Thomas, announced all in readiness for the dress suit clonators. Were it not for the fashionable surroundings, the seriousness of the occasion and dignity of the audience a majority of whom were prominent business and professional men, the eager interest displayed would have been an instant reminder of the financial war between the two clonators. Harvey, who had faced each other for their celebrated battle at Jacksonville. The proposition to be discussed was read as follows: "Resolved, that the United States should at once enter upon the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, independently of any other action." Harvey, it was stated, would speak for an hour, the affirmative and Prof. Laughlin an hour and thirty minutes in the negative, Harvey then having thirty minutes for rejoinder.

OLD MAN SPRECKLES.

He is Being Worried to Death by Indolent Children.

Claus Spreckles, the famous sugar king, accompanied by his wife and daughter, left San Francisco for New York recently on his way to Europe. Before departing Spreckles confessed judgment in a suit of slander brought against him by his son, G. A. Spreckles, who asked for \$300 damages. The reason given for the action was that Spreckles senior received information that his son was about to prevent his departure for Europe. Accordingly the sons, John D. and A. B. Spreckles, in order to save their father any further annoyance, instructed their attorneys in the case to confess judgment and end the matter for the present. But Claus Spreckles will not admit that it is a confessed judgment in the moral sense, so he has instructed his attorneys to begin suit for an accounting against A. G. Spreckles, and to compel him to account for all money handled by him for his father. The attorneys also have been ordered to bring suit against Randolph Spreckles who has sided with his brother in the quarrel with their father to recover \$500,000 worth of stock of the Paiman Plantation company, which Randolph claims his father gave him in 1865, and from which he is now drawing \$5,000 a month on dividends which, it is alleged, he is using to apply the sinews of war against his parent.

A Gigantic Deal.

It is rumored in Chicago that the street railway lines of Kansas City, extending two short ones, will pass under the domination of P. D. Armour, of Chicago. The stockholders in one road will vote on the question of absorbing the rest. The result will result in the creation of one of the largest street railway systems in the west, with a total capitalization of \$17,000,000, whose destinies Mr. Armour will shape by virtue of an ownership so large that he will choose five directors out of the nine to be elected.

Dead finely compares a man of broken fortune to a falling column; the lower it sinks the greater weight it is obliged to sustain.—Goldsmith.

REORGANIZATION

OF THE NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD
BY MR. ED. ADAMS.

Formation of a New Company—\$100,000,000 in Bonds to be Issued—Principal and Interest on the New Bonds Guaranteed by the G. N.

For the past few days meetings of the United German and Northern Pacific committees have been considering the proposal of Mr. Ed. Adams, the representative of the Deutsch Bank of Berlin for the reorganization of the Northern Pacific railroad, and they have fully authorized him to carry out his plan which the bond holders will be recommended to accept.

The first point of the Adams reorganization plan is for the formation of a new company, under special arrangements for this purpose.

Secondly, the new company is to issue shares to the amount of \$10,000,000, and a maximum of \$300,000,000 gold bonds, free of taxation. A sufficient amount of these bonds is to be reserved in order to replace the first mortgage bonds later and \$300,000,000 of bonds are to be reserved in order to acquire independent branch roads and for new construction at a maximum charge of \$300,000 per mile. The new bonds will be secured by a mortgage lien on the whole of the Northern Pacific system, including the St. Paul and Northern Pacific railway line and will bear interest partly at 4 per cent, and partly at 5 per cent, all under the same mortgage.

Thirdly, the capital and interest of the new bonds are to be guaranteed unconditionally by the Great Northern company receiving in return half the stock of the new company.

Fourthly, the board of directors of the new company, consisting of nine directors, four of whom are to be nominated by the Northern Pacific reorganization committee.

Fifth, in accordance with this scheme, there should be given: a. for each \$10,000 Northern Pacific second mortgage bond of \$1,125 a new 4 per cent. guaranteed bond; for a \$1,000 third mortgage bond, a \$1,000 new 4 per cent. guaranteed bond and at least \$250 in shares; c. for each \$1,000 5 per cent. bond, at least \$500 3 per cent. guaranteed bond and \$500 in shares.

Sixthly, the overdue coupons of the second mortgage to be paid in each at the rate of 25 per cent in the new 3 per cent bonds.

Seventhly, the new floating debt of the reorganization is to be paid by the assessment of about \$1,000,000 on the old stock.

Eighthly, the reorganization and the raising of the necessary funds are to be secured by a syndicate headed by Messrs. J. Piermont Morgan and the Deutsch bank.

Mr. J. J. Hill, of the Great Northern railroad, arrived in New York from Europe recently. He was interviewed as to the report that he has been seeking to secure control of the Northern Pacific. Mr. Hill said that a majority of each class of Northern Pacific railway bonds were now held by the reorganization committee, which was ready to push the reorganization of the road vigorously. Speaking of his trip and the interest of his company in the rehabilitation of the Northern Pacific, he said: "I met a number of gentlemen who are interested in the Northern Pacific reorganization and the Great Northern company will be ready to do anything it can to facilitate the matter. We shall be glad to see the Northern Pacific reorganized on a basis which will carry its financial burden. The three failures of the Northern Pacific, commencing with Jay Cook's, have marked three financial crises or panics in America, and I think that the placing of the company on a sound financial basis as at present proposed, will do much to restore the credit of American securities both at home and abroad, as any one thing that can be done anywhere."

He was not prepared to say what part the Great Northern would take on the reorganization further than to state that the road was looking out to the best of its ability for its own interests. He said: "I will be most glad to co-operate with the bond holders of the Northern Pacific to secure the desirable results that I have stated, and thus put the company on a sound basis."

Mr. Hill denied his reported meeting with J. Piermont Morgan in London, saying that he has not seen him at all, and less talked with him. Mr. Hill spoke of his relations with the "Vanderbills" as pleasant, but said the Great Northern relations were pleasant with other lines and they had no desire to make any closer alliances than at present existed.

CONFLAGRATIONS.

Railway Terminal Wharf at Richmond, N. S., Destroyed.

Halifax was visited by a \$500,000 fire the other day, and there was not a cent's worth of insurance on the property destroyed. The flames started on the Inland terminal railway's long wharf, in the cattle shed. Both the wharf and shed, in which were sixty fat cattle, assigned to Leaman & Co., which had just arrived from Ontario, were soon consumed, as well as the freight and immigration sheds. The fire then spread to the immense coaling pier overlooking the wharf of the Dominion government, on which were a great number of empty and loaded cars, but locomotives got many of them out of danger. Several loaded with hay were burned. The property was owned by the Dominion government and consequently not insured. Leaman & Co., besides the cattle, lost two cars of hay and two of feed. There was \$50,000 no insurance. McMillin, of Truro, lost \$1,000 worth of lumber uninsured, and there were other trifling losses. The big iron ship Ancona, which was loading at the wharf, narrowly escaped. The fire is thought to have been the work of an incendiary. The cattle government terminals was destroyed by fire, and the loss of this one means great inconvenience to shipping and commercial circles.

A Touch of Romance.

There is a touch of romance connected with the recent marriage at the Church of the Holy Communion, New York, of Rev. Henry Mottet and Miss Jeanie Gallup, daughter of the late park commissioner, Albert Gallup. The couple were first engaged over ten years since, but the marriage was postponed from time to time owing to the feeble condition of the mother of the bridegroom, and the bride elect who had a large fortune and a host of admirers, waited patiently until the death of Mrs. Mottet made the marriage possible. Rev. Dr. W. R. Hunter performed the ceremony.

The blossom cannot tell what becomes of the seed, and no man can tell what becomes of his examples, the roll away from him, and beyond his ken on their petulant mission.—H. W. Beecher.

UNCONSTITUTIONAL

The U. S. Income Tax a Thing of the Past.

The income tax law which has received so large a share of the public attention of the United States since the beginning of the first regular session of the 53rd congress is a thing of the past. After being twice heard in the United States supreme court, it was finally decided by that court to be invalid and unconstitutional. There were four dissenting opinions delivered, one each by Justices Harlan, Brown, Jackson and White, showing that the court had stood five to four against the law. Inasmuch as one of these dissenting opinions was handed down by Justice Jackson and as he was absent at the first hearing when the court divided evenly on the question of sustaining the law on all points except those as to the tax on rents and bonds, it follows that one of the members of the court who at first pronounced the law except on those two points, changed his attitude under the second argument. The opinion of the court and the position of each of the members has been accurately forecasted, so that no surprise was expressed in any quarter at the announced result. It should probably be stated that while the dissenting opinions were delivered were delivered are uniformly characterized as the income tax cases, they are known on the court docket as the cases of Charles Pollock, versus the Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., and Louis S. Hyde versus the Continental Trust company, of New York, both appeals from the circuit court of the United States for the southern district of New York.

Although the decision of the court will materially cut down the anticipated revenues of the government, it is thought that it will not necessitate an extra session of congress, except some unlikely contingency arises to make it unavoidable. It is known that the administration does not regard an extra session necessary, although the revenues during the last few months have not been at all satisfactory. The customs receipts particularly are surprisingly low. During last January the duties collected only \$17,251,916, and during February they fell to \$12,335,180. During March there was an increase of about \$2,500,000, but April showed a falling off to \$12,453,086. During the same months there has been a slight increase in the receipts from internal revenue resources, those for April being \$1,518,880. The deficit for the fiscal year on January 21, 1895, was \$34,246,286. On February 28 this year, it had been increased to nearly \$38,000,000, and on April to about \$45,150,000. The deficit as stated recently was \$51,043,581.

TROUBLESOME TIMES.

Corea Has Passed Through a Terrible Siege. A Scene of Desolation.

The latest mail advices received at the Japanese, Chinese and Korean legations at Washington show that Corea has passed through troublesome times of late. The foreign ministers feared an outbreak and armed guards were stationed at all the legations. There were thirty United States marines with United States minister Sill at Seoul. Quiet has been restored and the armed guards have been withdrawn. A traveller that lately returned from the disturbed district reports that wherever he went he saw houses burned down, corpses of people murdered and towns deserted and abandoned. This has been the result of the civil war.

The Korean government recently devised an unique means of raising much needed revenue. Observing that Japan was making heavy demands on China, and that China was not in a condition to resist, the acting minister of public works in Corea, suggested to Count Ince, the Japanese envoy, that Corea would also put in a claim for damages against China. He urged that China's arbitrary course had brought on the war and that Corea had suffered many calamities therefrom. Count Ince disregarded the project and it was not executed.

Over a million million which Japan made to Corea in order to but the country on its feet, has begun to be paid. Half a million was turned over the first of last month and the remaining two and a half millions is subject to call by Corea. The Japanese are looking over the possession, consequently they have not been able to do much for the country. A large force of military engineers are at work in and around Port Arthur with the purpose of finishing the survey by July, although these plans may be altered.

The investigation of the island of Formosa shows excellent prospects and already capital is being invested to put in large force of military engineers at work, and a new element to the world's sugar production.

An Improved Water Motor.

This is a wheel which may be run either partially or entirely submerged, is designed to be very efficient in proportion to the speed of the current, and has a very simple and easily acted mechanism for throwing it into and out of gear. It has been patented by Mr. Benjamin F. Rathbun, No. 39 Winslow Avenue, Buffalo, N. Y., and its inventor reports having made some highly satisfactory tests of its efficiency. On a common shaft is a series of wheels, as many as may be desired, according to the width of the stream, there being on the sides of the wheels outwardly swing gates adapted to close into recesses into the sides of the wheels when the motor is not in gear. The end wheels have gates on their inner sides only. The gates on one side of the wheel are connected together by chains, so that when one gate swings out to the current it pulls the next one open.

Opposite the gates are holes preventing excessive suction and permitting the current to enter and assist in turning the wheel, but the holes on the end wheels have their outer sides partly covered by deflectors. When the gates open, their inner edges strike against the teeth of ratchet wheels on the shaft, these teeth serving as abutments. Parallel with the shaft are rods on which arms are adapted to turn opposite the gates to hold them closed, but which may also be turned back of the gate hinges to permit the gates to swing outward, as they would appear to do in the case of the current, while in an ordinary stream the gates on the lower half of the motor would open while those on the upper half would close. The rods parallel with the shaft have end crank arms projecting through slots of two concentric wheels, the outer one of which has teeth to engage the rods, and these wheels being removed in relation to each other. The gates are held normally locked by the parallel rods, but by pushing the pinion into engagement with the outer wheel the gates are permitted to swing into the current. The machine is thrown out of gear by a pawl arm engaging the crank arms on the parallel rods. The motor is well adapted to be placed in a stream, to be run by the force of the current.

A special to the New York Times from Panama says: Rafael Cameno, ex-chief of police, General Equer, two ex-prisoners in irons at Machala. The revolutionary patriots captured the steamer Suro de Puerto Bolivar in the province of Oro and took all the artillery which it was carrying to fortify Machala for the government.

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HAWAII IN TROUBLE.

Her Condition is Far From Being a Settled One.

A San Francisco paper prints the following from private letters received from Honolulu by the steamer Australia which declare that a change of administration has been effected there; that the change is advocated by no less a personage than ex minister Thurston. The information comes from a most reliable source which can not be questioned. According to the letters received there, all that is preserving the present government is the fact that they possess the arms necessary to quell another outbreak. The government is exerting itself in efforts to prevent the landing of contraband arms. It is well known that the government forces are numerically greatly in the minority. No one has been made to realize the fact more than Minister Thurston. President Loe and other members of the cabinet, the former declared that the only hope of permanent peace on the islands could be realized by placing Princess Liliuokalani in the position which the former monarchy proposed she should some day have. Mr. Thurston is reported to have advocated that President Loe and his cabinet become alarmed and have since given the matter many hours consideration. Passengers have confirmed the fact that the republic is on its last legs, various big organizations breaking away from President Loe. Opposing forces are now becoming more bold. An alarm will likely be sounded any night, remarked a passenger, and if it is you can expect to hear the downfall of the republic. There is no escape for it. People are dissatisfied and particularly Americans, who, if aroused will find at their side all the assistance needed. There threatens to be a complete change of government. Minister Thurston's uneasiness has become so apparent to the opposing forces that the latter have gained more courage. The fact that Thurston favors the change is no longer secret and when we left Honolulu it was common talk that Thurston was then planning to carry out to a successful end the changing of the republic back to monarchy.

NOT YET ENDED.

The Cuban Rebellion Far From Being Quelled.

James Furman, who for seven months has been connected with Luis Hermano's sugar mills at Las Cruces, one of the central districts of Cuba, has just returned from the belligerent little Isle, and gives some interesting information concerning the progress of the rebellion against Spanish rule. According to his account General Compa has been a herculean task before him in bringing Cuba to a state of subjection. Furman travelled pretty much all over the country in the course of his business, and was able to see the strength of the troops, also through conversation with people on the island to learn how much sympathy the insurgents are receiving. Furman says there is some shrewd scheming done by the leaders of the revolution, and that the present lull in fighting is the result of this. He says: "Everything points to the ultimate success of the uprising. I am not a Cuban. I speak impartially. The war does not seem to have attained very formidable proportions, but I expect to hear inside of a month that the whole island has risen in revolt against Spain." This month's news in the dreaded yellow fever, and its ravages will severely deplete the ranks of the regular troops accustomed to the climate, who are a dissolute, careless lot of men. Then the sugar factories will be closed, and thousands of idle Cubans will naturally lift into the air. The sentiment in favor of rebellion is growing steadily, and the insurgent leaders will be stoutly supported."

WERE BADLY FOOLED.

Purchasers of a Colorado Mine got Less Than They Bargained For.

The report of a foreman of a \$100,000 mortgage on the Good Hope Gold mine, at Riverside, Colo., has created considerable excitement in Haverhill, Mass. Dudley Porter, a shareholder in the mine, said: "The Good Hope Gold mine was bought by a party of local gentlemen about a year ago for \$150,000. We soon discovered that the mine had been 'sailed,' and was worth nothing like the price paid. The stockholders will file the foreclosure, alleging that the mine was worth much less than they paid for it. The mine is now paying expenses."

ALMOST CRAZY.

SUFFERING FROM CONSTIPATION.

Expected to be in the Asylum—After all Other Remedies Failed B. B. B. Made a Perfect Cure, Restoring Robust Health.

GENTLEMEN—To say all I ought to in favor of B. B. B. would be impossible. It has been a great health restorer to me and I do swear by it. I am a different man now to what I was ten years ago when it was expected I would be in the asylum, but now I am in perfect robust health, and it was B. B. B. that did it. I suffered for five or six years from constipation, sometimes so severely that I went out of my mind. I tried various doctors, both in the country and in the city, and took medicines too numerous to mention, but everything failed to have the desired effect. When I used Burdock Blood Bitters, however, it succeeded beyond all expectations, requiring only two bottles to cure me. To make it more certain that B. B. B. is the real cure for Constipation, I may say that some two years afterwards I felt the symptoms returning and took one bottle more, and from that time to the present day (over eight years) I have never had any return of the disease. I never knew any medicine to work so well. It does not seem to be a more reliable cure, but a certain cure, as I can testify to, for hundreds of dollars worth of medicine and advice failed to do me any good, but three dollars' worth of B. B. B. made a permanent cure that has given me years of health and comfort.

Yours truly, C. L. KILMER.

Toronto.

ARMOR-PIERCING TESTS.

Satisfactory Experiments at the U. S. Naval Proving Grounds.

Tests have recently been made at Indian Head of the competitive merits of thirteen inch and twelve inch guns on armor plate, the object being to sanction which guns shall be used on the new battleships. In the trial a thirteen inch gun was fired, a Wheeler Sterling shell weighing 1,100 pounds being used, with a velocity of 1,300 feet per second, and distance and eighteen feet greater at the same range than the twelve inch gun, equal to 1,842 feet per second, and a corresponding energy of 20,000 foot tons. The shell was fired at the right section of the same plate as used in the twelve inch test. The plate was penetrated and broke into four fragments, the shell being itself in the butt. The shell was in pieces but the head was whole. The backing and structure were completely disintegrated. Another test was made of the strength of the semi-armored piercing shell in penetrating thick plate. A point was selected in the same plate, near the middle where it was 15 inches thick. A Wheeler Sterling thirteen inch shell, capable of carrying 750 pounds of high explosives, was used and was fired with the same velocity as the other shot. The plate met with a similar disaster, the shell breaking the weak wall and penetrating the plate seven inches before it broke. The fragments of the shell went through the cracks in the plate and were found in the rear of the armor structure. The outcome of this last test surprised even the ordinance officers, for it is said to show that it is now possible for the American inch rifles to blast a place a bursting shell in the vitals of vessels of the majestic and magnificent class.

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By gambling we both lose our time and treasure, two things most precious to the life of a man.—Lavater.

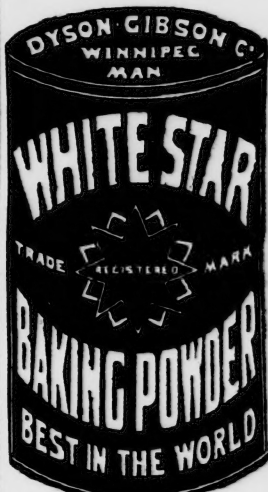
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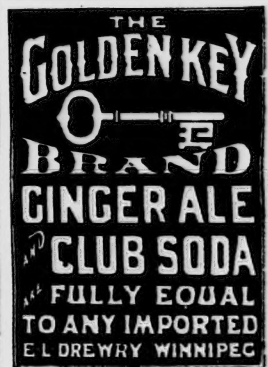
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